

## ProjectDoors API Extensibility Manual

### 1. Introduction

The **ProjectDoors** API provides a modular and extensible framework for managing doors, interactions, and character movement within Unity projects. This manual offers an overview of key components, including event channels, controllers, and editor utilities, and guides developers on extending the API.

### 2. Event Channels

Event channels facilitate communication between objects without direct dependencies.

- **MovementControlEventChannel.cs**  
Raises `OnStopMovement` and `OnResumeMovement` events for movement control `MovementControlEventChannel`.
- **DoorEventChannel.cs**  
Handles `OnOpenRequest` and `OnCloseRequest` events with position and force parameters `DoorEventChannel`.
- **InteractionEventChannel.cs**  
Sends `OnInteractRequest` events with object positions, useful for triggering door interactions `InteractionEventChannel`.
- **ProximityEventChannel.cs**  
Manages `OnEnterProximity` and `OnExitProximity` events when the player enters or exits a specified range `ProximityEventChannel`.

### 3. Core Components

- **Door.cs**  
Controls door behaviors including sliding, rotation, dual-door setups, and audio integration. Supports pivot adjustments for custom rotation points `Door`.
- **DoorLever.cs**  
Allows lever-controlled doors with customizable rotation, sound effects, and proximity-based interactions `DoorLever`.
- **DoorTrigger.cs**  
Automates door opening/closing when objects enter/exit trigger zones, with configurable delays `DoorTrigger`.
- **ClickAgentController.cs**  
Manages movement for `GameObjects` using `NavMeshAgent` or `CharacterController`, providing `StopAgentMovement` and `ResumeAgentMovement` methods `ClickAgentController`.
- **ProximityStopper.cs**  
Stops player movement within proximity of objects and resumes after a delay, integrating with `ClickAgentController` `ProximityStopper`.
- **RandomWanderAI.cs**  
Implements AI for random wandering within defined areas using `NavMesh` agents `RandomWanderAI`.
- **LayeredNavMeshObstacle.cs**  
Manages dynamic `NavMesh` obstacles activated based on object proximity and layer priorities `LayeredNavMeshObstacle`.

### 4. Editor Tools

- **DoorEditor.cs**  
Extends the Unity Editor to provide visual tools for configuring doors, pivots, dual-door setups, and lever controls `DoorEditor`.
- **PlayerActionsEditor.cs**  
Enables in-editor customization of player input bindings from Unity's New Input System `PlayerActionsEditor`.
- **DoorCreationWizard.cs**  
Provides a step-by-step wizard for setting up new doors and player characters `DoorCreationWizard`.
- **DoorHierarchyIcons.cs**  
Displays custom icons in the Unity Hierarchy for doors with active pivots or knobs in edit mode `DoorHierarchyIcons`.

### 5. Extending the API

- **Adding Custom Event Channels:**  
Inherit from `ScriptableObject` and define new events. Register events in existing components using `Resources.Load<T>()`.

Creating a New Event Channel

```
using UnityEngine;
using System;

[CreateAssetMenu(menuName = "ProjectDoors/EventChannels/CustomEventChannel")]
public class CustomEventChannel : ScriptableObject
{
    public event Action<string> OnCustomEvent;

    public void RaiseCustomEvent(string message)
    {
        OnCustomEvent?.Invoke(message);
    }
}
```

- **Creating New Door Types:**  
Extend the `Door` class, overriding methods like `Open`, `Close`, `ForceOpen`, and `ForceClose`.

Extending the Door Script with New Behavior

```
public class CustomDoor : Door
{
    public override void Open(Vector3 userPosition)
    {
        base.Open(userPosition);
        Debug.Log("Custom Door Opened with additional behavior.");
    }

    public override void Close()
    {
        base.Close();
        Debug.Log("Custom Door Closed with additional behavior.");
    }
}
```

- **Adding Player Interactions:**  
Modify `PlayerActions.cs` to detect new interactable objects by extending the `LayerMask` and handling new tags.

Modify `PlayerActionsEditor.cs` to add new input actions dynamically:

```
if (GUILayout.Button("Add Custom Input"))
{
    InputAction newAction = new InputAction("CustomAction", InputActionType.Button, "<Keyboard>/c");
    playerActions.GetInteractActionReference().action.AddBinding(newAction.bindings[0]);
    EditorUtility.SetDirty(target);
}
```

- **Editor Customizations:**  
Add new tabs to `DoorEditor.cs` by extending `DrawTabsWithWrap` and creating new `Draw*Settings` methods.

Extend `DoorEditor.cs` to add a new tab for Custom Settings:

```
case 10: // CUSTOM
    DrawCustomSettings(door);
    break;

private void DrawCustomSettings(Door door)
{
    DrawTitle("-- CUSTOM SETTINGS --");
    DrawBackgroundBox(() =>
    {
        door.customSetting = EditorGUILayout.FloatField("Custom Value", door.customSetting);
    });
}
```

### 6. Best Practices

- **Event-Driven Design:** Use event channels for communication to maintain decoupling.
- **Inspector Validation:** Implement `OnValidate` methods to ensure data integrity.
- **Editor Scripting:** Use `EditorUtility.SetDirty` and `Undo.RecordObject` for saving changes in custom editors.
- **Code Reuse:** Utilize utility methods like `EnsureComponent<T>` for runtime component addition.